

As it has been calculated in the book, the probability that the machine works after time t can be obtained as below.

$$\frac{dp_2}{dt} = -f \cdot p_2 \Rightarrow p_2(t) = p_2(0) \cdot e^{-ft}$$

If we assume that the machine is working at $t = 0$, we will have,

$$p_2(t) = e^{-ft} \quad (1)$$

Equation 1 shows the probability of zero failures after t units of time. In mathematical point of view would be $p(T > t)$ where the random variable for the waiting time until the first failure.

We know that “*Mean Time To First Failure (MTTFF)*” can be obtained from **Equation 2**, where $f(t)$ is “*Probability Density Function (PDF)*” the time between the failures.

$$MTTFF = \int_0^{\infty} t \cdot f(t) dt \quad (2)$$

For obtaining PDF, we must first derive the “*Cumulative Distribution Function (CDF)*” which is the probability that the the first failure would occur at time $T \leq t$.

$$CDF = p(T \leq t) = 1 - P(T > t) = 1 - e^{-ft} \quad (3)$$

$$PDF = \frac{d}{dt}(CDF) = \frac{d}{dt}(1 - e^{-ft})$$

$$PDF = fe^{-ft} \quad (4)$$

Thus, the mean MTTFF would be,

$$MTTFF = \int_0^{\infty} f \underbrace{t}_u \underbrace{e^{-ft} dt}_{dv} = uv - \int_0^{\infty} v du$$

$$u = t \Rightarrow du = dt \quad dv = e^{-ft} dt \Rightarrow v = -\frac{1}{f}e^{-ft}$$

$$MTTFF = -te^{-ft} \Big|_0^{\infty} - \int_0^{\infty} -e^{-ft} dt$$

$$MTTFF = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} -te^{-ft} - \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{f}e^{-ft} + \frac{1}{f}$$

$$MTTFF = -\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{te^{ft}} + \frac{1}{f} \Rightarrow MTTFF = \frac{1}{f}$$

Corrected by Mr. Parsa Rostami, Automation student 2021.
Great thanks to Parsa!
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